

$$a = \frac{v^2}{r} \quad F = ma$$

### Circular Motion Problems

1. "Daredevil Nick," the stunt motorcycle rider, is attempting to perform the 'Wall of Death' act. He needs to ensure a centripetal acceleration of 20 m/s<sup>2</sup>, so as to not fall down. The wall of death is 15 m in diameter. How fast must Nick ride to complete the act successfully?

$$a = 20 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$r = 15/2 = 7.5 \text{ m}$$

$$v = ?$$

$$a = \frac{v^2}{r}$$

$$7.5 \times 20 = \frac{v^2}{7.5} \times 7.5$$

$$\sqrt{150} = \sqrt{v^2}$$

$$\boxed{12.25 \text{ m/s}^2 = v}$$

2. A 15 kg mass is swung in a circular path of radius 2.3 m by a centripetal force of 2000 N. What is the velocity of the whirling mass?

$$m = 15 \text{ kg}$$

$$r = 2.3 \text{ m}$$

$$F = 2000 \text{ N}$$

$$v = ?$$

$$F = m \left( \frac{v^2}{r} \right)$$

$$\frac{2000}{15} = 15 \left( \frac{v^2}{2.3} \right)$$

$$2.3 \times 133.3 = \frac{v^2}{2.3} \times 2.3$$

$$\sqrt{306.67} = \sqrt{v^2}$$

$$\boxed{17.51 \text{ m/s} = v}$$

3. A ball is tied to a 1.3 m string and whirled in a circular motion with a force of 220 N. If its speed is 6 m/s, (a) what is its centripetal acceleration?

$$r = 1.3 \text{ m}$$

$$F = 220 \text{ N}$$

$$v = 6 \text{ m/s}$$

~~$$F = m \left( \frac{v^2}{r} \right)$$~~

$$a = \frac{v^2}{r}$$

$$a = \frac{6^2}{1.3}$$

$$a = \frac{36}{1.3}$$

$$\boxed{a = 27.69 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

- (b) What is the mass of the ball?

$$F = ma$$

$$\frac{220}{27.69} = \frac{m(27.69)}{27.69}$$

$$\boxed{7.95 \text{ kg} = m}$$

don't need this yet

4. A 0.40 kg mass is attached to a string 1.2 m long and swings in a horizontal circle. The mass goes around its path once each 0.31 second. (a) How fast is it moving?

$$v = \frac{d}{t}$$

$$v = \frac{2\pi r}{t}$$

$$m = 0.40 \text{ kg}$$

$$r = 1.2 \text{ m}$$

$$t = 0.31 \text{ s}$$

$$v = ?$$

$$v = 2\pi r$$

$$v = 2\pi(1.2)$$

$$\boxed{v = 7.54 \text{ m/s}}$$

- (b) What is its centripetal acceleration?

$$a = \frac{v^2}{r}$$

$$a = \frac{(7.54)^2}{1.2}$$

~~$$a = 47.38 \text{ m/s}^2$$~~

$$a = \frac{56.85}{1.2}$$

$$\boxed{a = 47.38 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

5. The Earth (mass  $5.98 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg}$ ) orbits the sun at a distance of  $1.50 \times 10^{11} \text{ m}$  and a speed of 29,865 m/s. (a) What is its centripetal acceleration?

$$m = 5.98 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg}$$

$$a = \frac{v^2}{r}$$

$$r = 1.5 \times 10^{11} \text{ m}$$

$$v = 29,865 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a = \frac{(29,865)^2}{1.5 \times 10^{11}}$$

$$= \boxed{\begin{array}{l} 0.0059 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ \text{or} \\ 5.9 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m/s}^2 \end{array}}$$

- (b) What is the centripetal force and what force provides it?

$$m = 5.98 \times 10^{24}$$

$$a = 5.9 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$F = ma$$

$$F = (5.98 \times 10^{24})(5.9 \times 10^{-3})$$

$$\boxed{F = 3.53 \times 10^{22} \text{ N}}$$